




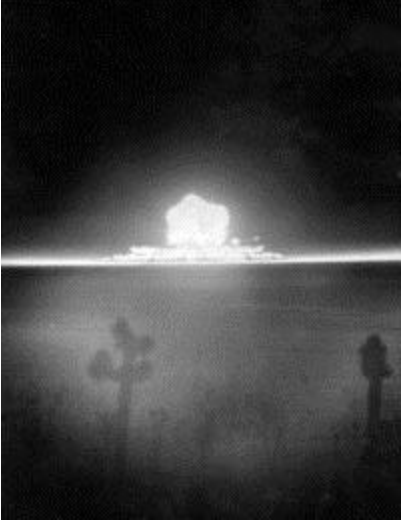







## TEAPOT OPERATION




### PHOTOGRAPH LOG




FILE NAME	PHOTO NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
 55-001	TEA-55-001	TEAPOT - Remnants of a 500-foot tower used to support an atomic device tested at Nevada Test Site. Shown at Ground Zero measuring gamma radiation with two meters is SFC Leo R. Lanz, First Radiological Safety Unit, of Fort McClelland, AL. His home town is Mandan, ND. (PLK-297-6)
 55-002	TEA-55-002	TEAPOT/APPLE - Remnants of a 500 foot tower used in the APPLE Event. Rad-Safe Technician Monitor holds a T-1B (ion chamber) radioactive monitoring survey meter. The T1-B measures gamma radiation at zero point. Technician is Leo Lantz assigned to duty at the Nevada Test Site.

 <p>55-003</p>	<p>TEA-55-003</p>	<p>TEAPOT - March 26, 1955 - Remnant of a 300 foot tower used to support an atomic device tested at Nevada Test Site. (Neg at ALOO) (JOTI photo)</p>
 <p>55-004</p>	<p>TEA-55-004</p>	<p>TEAPOT - March 26, 1955 - Remnant of a 300 foot tower used to support an atomic device tested at Nevada Test Site. (Neg at ALOO) (JOTI photo)</p>
 <p>55-005</p>	<p>TEA-55-005</p>	<p>TEAPOT/MOTH - February 22, 1955 - Pictured here is the fireball of the nuclear device detonated this morning (Tuesday, February 22, 1955) at Nevada Test Site, shortly after it began the transformation into a nuclear cloud. The pre-dawn test, second in the current test series, was fired at 5:45 a.m. Pacific Standard Time. (JOTI photo)</p>

 <p>55-006</p>	<p>TEA-55-006</p>	<p>TEAPOT/MOTH - February 22, 1955 - Pictured here is the fireball of the nuclear device detonated this morning (Tuesday, February 22, 1955) at Nevada Test Site, shortly after it began the transformation into a nuclear cloud. The pre-dawn test, second in the current test series, was fired at 5:45 a.m. Pacific Standard Time.</p>
 <p>55-007</p>	<p>TEA-55-007</p>	<p>TEAPOT/WASP - February 18, 1955 - The first test of Operation Teapot, the Spring 1955 Series of nuclear tests at Nevada Test Site, was fired today (Friday, February 18, 1955) at Noon. Pictured here shortly after detonation the nuclear cloud is forming from the fireball while the stem is sucked up toward the cloud. (Neg at ALOO)</p>
 <p>55-008</p>	<p>TEA-55-008</p>	<p>TEAPOT/WASP - February 18, 1955- The burst and cloud from the WASP Event, the first detonation in the Spring 1955 Teapot Series at the Nevada Test Site. (30-35-PLK-101-4) (Neg at ALOO)</p>

 <p data-bbox="391 779 483 810">55-009</p>	<p data-bbox="699 289 865 321">TEA-55-009</p>	<p data-bbox="927 289 1576 394">TEAPOT/TESLA - March 1, 1955 - A late stage of the fireball of the March 1, 1955 tower detonation at Nevada Test Site. (30-35-PZK-1-4) (Neg at ALOC)</p>
 <p data-bbox="391 1199 483 1230">55-010</p>	<p data-bbox="699 926 865 957">TEA-55-010</p>	<p data-bbox="927 926 1576 1031">TEAPOT/TESLA - March 1, 1955 - The fireball of the nuclear device tested on a tower March 1, 1955 at Nevada Test Site. (30-35-PZK 1-2)</p>
 <p data-bbox="391 1619 483 1650">55-011</p>	<p data-bbox="699 1346 865 1377">TEA-55-011</p>	<p data-bbox="927 1346 1576 1556">TEAPOT/TESLA - March 1, 1955 - An aerial photograph of the atomic cloud resulting from the March 1, 1955 tower detonation at Nevada Test Site. Photograph was made shortly after the cloud passed beyond the test site and above the Las Vegas Bombing and Gunnery Range. (CL-1-1)</p>

 <p>55-012</p>	<p>TEA-55-012</p>	<p>TEAPOT/TESLA - March 1, 1955 - The atomic cloud that resulted from a tower detonation March 1955 at Nevada Test Site. Some of the shear in the cloud, caused by varying wind directions and speed at various altitudes is already visible here. (30-35-PZK-1-10)</p>
 <p>55-013</p>	<p>TEA-55-013</p>	<p>TEAPOT/MOTH - February 22, 1955- The fireball of MOTH Event detonated on February 22, 1955. (XX-68)</p>
<p>No File</p>	<p>No Photo</p>	
 <p>55-015</p>	<p>TEA-55-015</p>	<p>TEAPOT/BEE - March 22, 1955 - The March 22, 1955 nuclear test at Nevada Test Site. (30-35-PZK 2)</p>

 <p>55-016</p>	<p>TEA-55-016</p>	<p>TEAPOT/BEE - March 22, 1955 - The BEE fireball detonated on March 22, 1955 at the Nevada Test Site.</p>
 <p>55-017</p>	<p>TEA-55-017</p>	<p>TEAPOT/BEE - March 22, 1955 - The fireball of the BEE Event detonated March 22, 1955 at the NTS.</p>
 <p>55-018</p>	<p>TEA-55-018</p>	<p>TEAPOT/TURK - March 7, 1955 - The fireball of the TURK Event detonated March 7, 1955. (30-35 DPY-11-2)</p>



55-019

TEA-55-019




TEAPOT/TURK - March 7, 1955 - The March 7, 1955 detonation code-named TURK.



55-020

TEA-55-020

TEAPOT/TURK - March 7, 1955 - Las Vegas, NV  
March 7, 1955 -- The March 7 nuclear detonation from a 500 foot tower in Yucca Flat at the Nevada Test Site was photographed from the Control Point area early in the development of the muchroom column and cloud while the brilliance of the top portion persisted. (30-35-PZK-2-12)

 <p>55-021</p>	<p>TEA-55-021</p>	<p>TEAPOT/HORNET - March 12, 1955 - Shown is the rising mushroom cloud after the March 12 detonation of a nuclear device on a 300 foot tower at Yucca Flat of Nevada Test Site. Code named HORNET.</p>
 <p>55-022</p>	<p>TEA-55-022</p>	<p>TEAPOT/HORNET - March 12, 1955 - This is the fireball of the March 12, 1955 nuclear experiment at Nevada Test Site. The device was fired from atop a 300 foot tower on Yucca Flat (HORNET) (VL1-3-5)</p>
 <p>55-023</p>	<p>TEA-55-023</p>	<p>TEAPOT/HORNET - March 12, 1955 - The burst and cloud of the HORNET Event, on March 12, 1955 at the NTS. (PZK-3-5)</p>





55-024

TEA-55-024

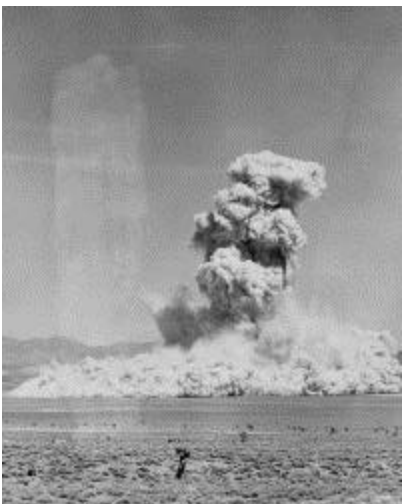
TEAPOT/HORNET - March 12, 1955 - The fireball from the HORNET Event detonated March 12, 1955 at the Nevada Test Site. (D-25)



55-025

TEA-55-025

TEAPOT/TESLA - March 1, 1955 - Burst and cloud from the TESLA Event detonated on March 1, 1955 at the Nevada Test Site.



55-026

TEA-55-026

TEAPOT/ESS - March 23, 1955 - The March 23, 1955 sub-surface atomic test, seventh in the Teapot Series at Nevada Test Site.



55-027

TEA-55-027

TEAPOT/ESS - March 23, 1955 - The March 23, 1955 sub-surface atomic test, seventh in the current Teapot Series at Nevada Test Site.



55-028

TEA-55-028

TEAPOT/ESS - March 23, 1955 - The March 23 sub-surface atomic test, seventh in the current Teapot Series at Nevada Test Site.



55-029

TEA-55-029

TEAPOT/ESS - March 23, 1955 - The March 23, 1955 sub-surface atomic test, seventh in the Teapo series at Nevada Test Site.



55-030

TEA-55-030

TEAPOT/ESS - March 23, 1955 - The March 23, 1955 sub-surface atomic test, seventh in the Teapo Series at Nevada Test Site. (PZK-4-2)



55-031

TEA-55-031

TEAPOT/WASP PRIME - March 29, 1955 - Official observers of the March 29, 1955 air drop at the Nevada Test Site. (30-35-PZK-11-8)



55-032

TEA-55-032

TEAPOT/WASP PRIME - March 29, 1955 - Detonation of the nuclear device air-dropped at Nevada Test Site on March 29, 1955. Code named WASP PRIME.



55-033

TEA-55-033

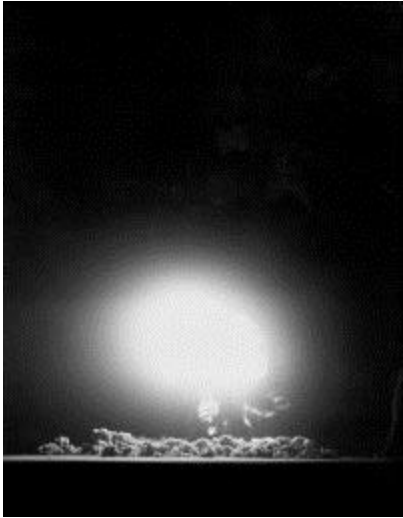
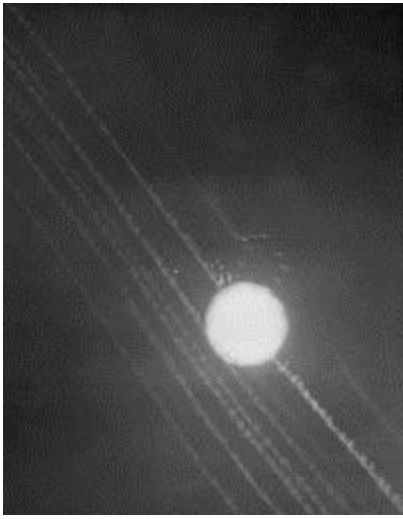
TEAPOT/APPLE-1 - March 29, 1955 - The March 29, 1955 500 foot tower test at the Nevada Test Site.



55-034

TEA-55-034

TEAPOT/APPLE-1 - March 29, 1955 - The March 29, 1955, 500 foot tower test at Nevada Test Site. Code named APPLE-1.

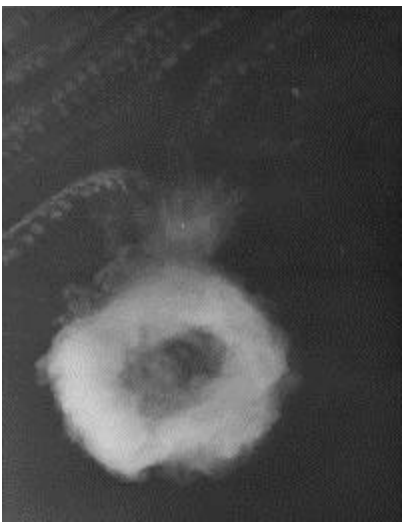
 <p data-bbox="386 762 483 793">55-035</p>	<p data-bbox="699 289 865 321">TEA-55-035</p>	<p data-bbox="930 289 1052 321">TEAPOT</p>
 <p data-bbox="386 1388 483 1419">55-036</p>	<p data-bbox="699 915 865 947">TEA-55-036</p>	<p data-bbox="930 915 1576 1020">TEAPOT/HA - April 6, 1955 - Fireball of the nuclear device detonated at Nevada Test Site on April 6, 1955. Code named HA.</p>



55-037

TEA-55-037

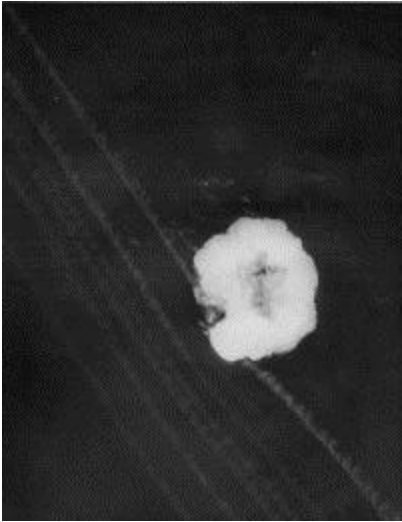
TEAPOT/HA - April 6, 1955 - Smoke ring of the nuclear device detonated at Nevada Test Site on April 6, 1955. Code named HA.



55-038

TEA-55-038

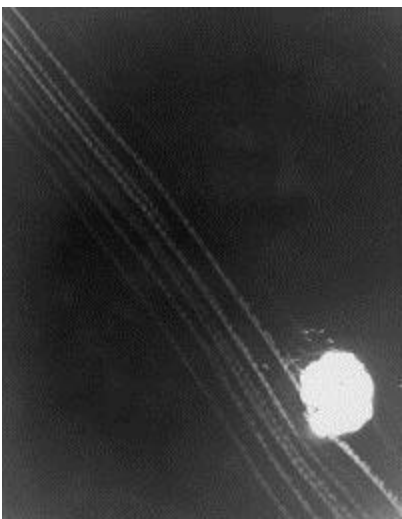
TEAPOT/HA - April 6, 1955 - The atomic cloud of the nuclear device detonated at Nevada Test Site on April 6, 1955. Code named HA.



55-039

TEA-55-039

TEAPOT/HA - April 6, 1955 - Smoke ring of the nuclear device detonated at Nevada Test Site on April 6, 1955. Code named HA.



55-040

TEA-55-040

TEAPOT/HA - April 6, 1955 - Fireball of HA Eve detonated April 6, 1955 at the Nevada Test Site.



55-041

TEA-55-041

TEAPOT/POST - April 9, 1955 - The 300 foot tow test fired April 9, 1955 at Nevada Test Site.



55-042

TEA-55-042

TEAPOT/POST - April 9, 1955 - The 300 foot tow test fired April 9, 1955 at the Nevada Test Site.





55-043

TEA-55-043

TEAPOT/POST - April 9, 1955 - The 300 foot tow test fired April 9, 1955 at the Nevada Test Site. (POST EVENT)



55-044

TEA-55-044

TEAPOT/MET - April 15, 1955 - The April 15, 19 atomic test at Nevada Test Site.



55-045

TEA-55-045

TEAPOT/MET - April 15, 1955 - The April 15, 1955 atomic test at Nevada Test Site.



55-046

TEA-55-046

TEAPOT/MET - April 15, 1955 - MET, the April 1955 atomic test at the Nevada Test Site.



55-047

TEA-55-047

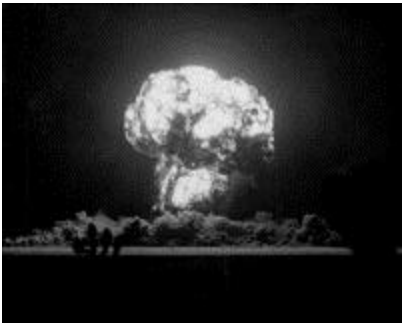
TEAPOT/MET - April 15, 1955 - High-level view of the April 15, 1955 atomic test at the Nevada Test Site photographed from a US Air Force photograph plane. Code named MET.



55-048

TEA-55-048

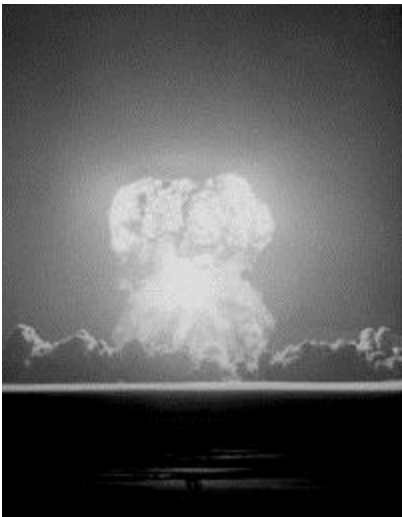
TEAPOT/MET - April 15, 1955



55-049

TEA-55-049

TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - May 5, 1955 - The May 5, 1955 open atomic test at the Nevada Test Site.



55-050

TEA-55-050

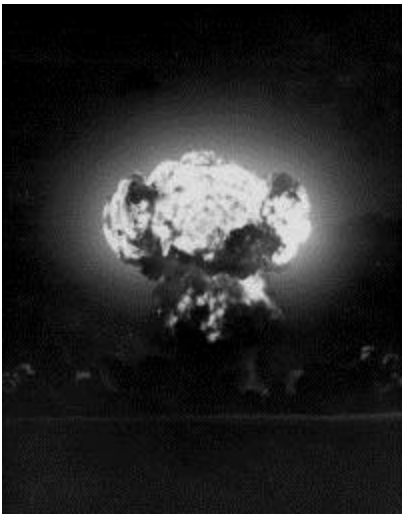
TEAPOT/ZUCCHINI - May 15, 1955 - The May 15, 1955 nuclear detonation at Nevada Test Site, final test of the Spring 1955 series. Code named ZUCCHINI.



55-051

TEA-55-051

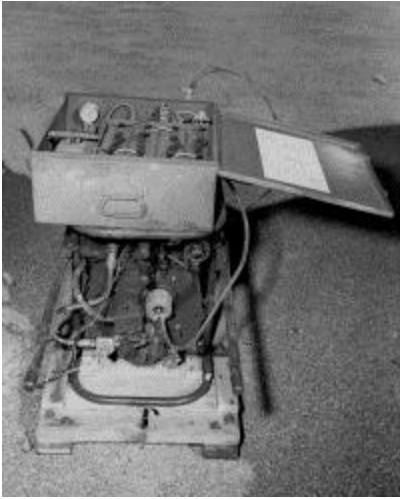
TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - May 5, 1955 - APPLE-2 was 29-kiloton nuclear test conducted atop a tower at the Nevada Test Site on May 5, 1955.



55-052

TEA-55-052

TEAPOT/ZUCCHINI - May 15, 1955 - The May 15, 1955 nuclear detonation at Nevada Test Site, final test of the Spring 1955 series. Code named ZUCCHINI.



55-053

TEA-55-053

TEAPOT - March 12, 1955- Pictured above is one of the remotely-controlled smoke generators used in the March 12, 1955, experiment at Nevada Test Site to determine degree of screening of nuclear weapon thermal radiation obtainable with artificial smoke. The experiment was conducted by the Armed Forces Special Weapons Project for the Army Chemical Corps. The generator, of a conventional pulse-jet type, appears below. A remote-control unit, designed to actuate the generator upon a cable-relayed electrical signal, rests on top of the generator. Not in the picture is the drum used to contain the fog oil which, after vaporization in the generator under the heat produced by burning gasoline flame, is dispersed downwind from the generator as white smoke fog.



55-054

TEA-55-054

TEAPOT - April 22, 1955 - Ira B. Ward (8830 Axtel Road NE) and Donnadieu Sonnier (718 Sover SW), both of Albuquerque, place a 600 pound TNT depth charge preparatory to obtaining blast wave trajectory information immediately before an atomic test at the AEC Nevada Test Site. Ward is head of the Blast Prediction Unit's explosives handling section, and is the man on the hoist in the picture.



55-055

TEA-55-055

TEAPOT - Dr. Everett F. Cox checks the progress of a blast wave prediction on the Raypac, electronic brain used in his work at Nevada Test Site.



55-056

TEA-55-056

TEAPOT - Dr. Everett Cox and Jack Reed run up a blast prediction on the Raypac.



55-057

TEA-55-057

TEAPOT - Dr. Everett Cox and Jack Reed run up a blast prediction on the Raypac.



55-058

TEA-55-058

TEAPOT - Dr. Cox and Jack Reed run up a blast prediction on the Raypac.



55-059

TEA-55-059

TEAPOT - After the test, Willard Gustafson check the recorder tape to determine at what time and wit what intensity the blast wave, originating 100 mile away in Nevada Test Site, disturbed the atmospher pressure at Boulder City Airport.



55-060




TEA-55-060

TEAPOT - After the test, Willard Gustafson check the recorder tape to determine at what time and wit what intensity the blast wave, originating 100 mile away in Nevada Test Site, disturbed the atmospher pressure at Boulder City Airport.








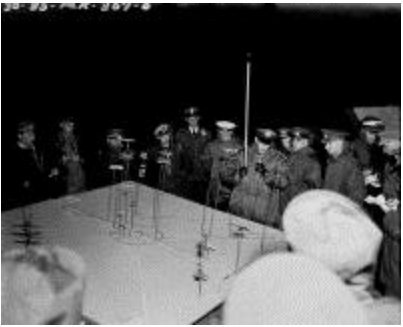
TEA-55-061




TEAPOT - Willard Gustafson makes an adjustmen on a microbarographic tape recorder.




55-061		
 <p data-bbox="391 825 482 856">55-062</p>	TEA-55-062	<p>TEAPOT - Willard Gustafson sallies forth from the microbarographic station in the CAP building at Boulder City Airport to plant a recording thermometer and a pressure-sensing cylinder.</p>
 <p data-bbox="391 1434 482 1465">55-063</p>	TEA-55-063	<p>TEAPOT - Willard Gustafson adjusts the recording thermometer before placing it in the sun-free, ventilated cage.</p>
	TEA-55-064	<p>TEAPOT - Willard Gustafson positions the pressure sensing cylinder which will feed atmospheric pressure changes back via the visible cable to the tape recorder.</p>



55-064		
 <p>55-065</p>	TEA-55-065	TEAPOT - Col. H. E. Parsons.
 <p>55-066</p>	TEA-55-066	TEAPOT - Col. H. E. Parsons. (30-35-PLK-203-3
 <p>55-067</p>	TEA-55-067	TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-203-5)

 <p>55-068</p>	<p>TEA-55-068</p>	<p>TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-203-4)</p>
<p>No File</p>	<p>TEA-55-069</p> <p>NO PHOTOGRAPH</p>	<p>TEAPOT</p>
 <p>55-070</p>	<p>TEA-55-070</p>	<p>TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - May 5, 1955 - NATO observers illuminated by flash at May 5, 1955 Operation Apple atomic test at Nevada Test Site. (30-35-PLK-367-5) (Photo at ALOO)</p>
 <p>55-071</p>	<p>TEA-55-071</p>	<p>TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - May 5, 1955 - NATO observers at May 5, 1955 test at the Nevada Test Site. (30-35-PLK-367-6)</p>

 <p>55-072</p>	<p>TEA-55-072</p>	<p>TEAPOT/WASP - February 18, 1955- Observing the noon (February 18, 1955) nuclear detonation over the Yucca Flat firing area at the Nevada Test Site are: (left to right) Brigadier General Kenneth E. Fields, Director of AEC's Division of Military Applications; Everett Holles, Special Assistant to AEC Chairman Lewis L. Strauss, Chairman of the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission; and Colonel Harry L. Donich, Commander of the Air Force Special Weapons Center's 4925th Test Group (Atomic). The group is shown on the Control Point balcony overlooking Yucca Flat. (T-28-8)</p>
 <p>55-073</p>	<p>TEA-55-073</p>	<p>TEAPOT/WASP - February 18, 1955- Observing the noon (February 18, 1955) nuclear detonation over the Yucca Flat firing area at the Nevada Test Site are: (left to right) Brigadier General Kenneth E. Fields, Director of AEC's Division of Military Applications; Everett Holles, Special Assistant to AEC Chairman Lewis L. Strauss, Chairman of the U.S. Atomic Energy Commission; and Colonel Harry L. Donich, Commander of the Air Force Special Weapon Center's 4925th Test Group (Atomic). The group is shown on the Control Point balcony overlooking Yucca Flat. (T-28-9)</p>
 <p>55-074</p>	<p>TEA-55-074</p>	<p>TEAPOT/WASP - February 18, 1955 - The Contractor Editors Group were official observers of the February 18, 1955 detonation at the Nevada Test Site. (USAF Air Photographic and charting service (MATS)).</p>

 <p>55-075</p>	<p>TEA-55-075</p>	<p>TEAPOT - Pictured are officials of Washington government agencies in attendance at a special briefing at the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site. Left to right seated are: Donald J. Leehey, AEC, Manager of Santa Fe Operations; Brig. Gen. Kenneth E. Fields, AEC Director of Military Application; Dr. Norris Bradbury, Director of AEC Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory; Maj. Gen. Herbert B. Loper, DOD, Chairman of Military Liaison Committee; Theodore Streibert, Director of U.S. Information Agency; Allen Dulles, Director of Central Intelligence Agency; Nelson Rockefeller, Undersecretary of State; Robert B. Anderson, Deputy Secretary of Defense; and Donald A. Quarles, Assistant Secretary of Defense, Research and Development. Operating the projector is Russell H. Ball, Joint Test Organization Briefing Officer.</p>
 <p>55-076</p>	<p>TEA-55-076</p>	<p>TEAPOT/BEE - March 22, 1955 - Observing the March 22, 1955 nuclear test at Nevada Test Site, from the balcony of the Control Point, are (left to right) Col. Paul Fackler, USAF, Air Operations Advisor to Test Manager; Charter Heslep, Division of Information Services, Washington, D.C.; Commissioner Thomas E. Murray, AEC, Washington, D.C.; Richard G. Elliott, Director, Joint Office of Test Information, AEC; and Col. Harry L. Donicht, USAF, Commander of Test Organization Air Test Group. (Neg at ALOO)</p>
 <p>55-077</p>	<p>TEA-55-077</p>	<p>TEAPOT/HA - April 6, 1955 - Observers watching the HA Event. (30-35-PLK-203-4) (MATS)</p>



55-078

TEA-55-078

TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-254-12) (MATS)



55-079

TEA-55-079

TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-254-11) (MATS)



55-080

TEA-55-080

TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-254-1) (MATS)



55-081

TEA-55-081

TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-254-2) (MATS)



55-082

TEA-55-082

TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-261-2) (MATS)



55-083

TEA-55-083

TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-254-6) (MATS)



55-084

TEA-55-084

TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-254-7) (MATS)



55-085

TEA-55-085

TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-254-8) (MATS)



55-086

TEA-55-086

TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-254-3) (MATS)



55-087

TEA-55-087

TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-254-4) (MATS)



55-088

TEA-55-088

TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-254-5) (MATS)









55-089




TEA-55-089




TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-254-10) (MATS)









 <p>55-090</p>	<p>TEA-55-090</p>	<p>TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-254-9) (MATS)</p>
 <p>55-091</p>	<p>TEA-55-091</p>	<p>TEAPOT - April 9, 1955 - Top officials of the Atomic Energy Commission and the Nevada State Fish and Game Commission who met on April 6, 1955 at Camp Mercury to review the effects of atomic test operations on Nevada wildlife are pictured above. Standing, left to right, are AEC Te Organization officials Seth R Woodruff, Support Director; James E. Reeves, Test Manager; and Dr. Alvin C. Graves, Scientific Director. Seated, left to right, are Nevada Fish and Game Commission officials, Wayne Kirch, local commissioner; Earle Branson, Commission Chairman; and Frank Grove Department Director. (Neg at ALOO)</p>
 <p>55-092</p>	<p>TEA-55-092</p>	<p>TEAPOT/MET - April 15, 1955 - Members of the party of 17 Canadian and United Kingdom observer at Friday's 400 foot tower test at Frenchman Flat as shown illuminated by both the sun and the burst.</p>




 <p>55-093</p>	<p>TEA-55-093</p>	<p>TEAPOT/MET - April 14, 1955 - Pictured watching the atomic cloud from the test held April 15, 1955, the Nevada Test Site are (left to right) James McRae, Pres of Sandia Corp., which operated the AEC Sandia Lab at Albuquerque, NM; Col. Vincent G. Huston, Acting Dir. Of the AEC's Division of Military Application, Wash D.C.; and Donald J. Leehey, Mgr. Of the AEC's Santa Fe Operations, with headquarters at Albuquerque.</p>
<p>No File</p>	<p>TEA-55-094</p> <p>NO PHOTOGRAPH</p>	<p>TEAPOT</p>
 <p>55-095</p>	<p>TEA-55-095</p>	<p>TEAPOT/MOTH - February 22, 1955- Congressional Observers for second test, the MOT Event detonated on February 22, 1955.</p>
 <p>30-M-PLK-100-11</p>	<p>TEA-55-096</p>	<p>TEAPOT - February 20, 1955(30-35-PLK-100-11) (MATS)</p>



55-096		
 <p>55-097</p>	TEA-55-097	TEAPOT - February 20, 1955(30-35-PLK-100-12, (MATS)
 <p>55-098</p>	TEA-55-098	TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-344-6) (MATS)
 <p>55-099</p>	TEA-55-099	TEAPOT/MOTH - February 20, 1955- Congressional observers arriving at Indian Springs Air Force Base, February 20, 1955 to observe seco test of Spring 1955 Continental Test Series: Rep. P W. Jennings; Rep. Frank M. Clark; Rep. John F. Baldwin; Rep. A. S. J. Carnahan; Rep. M. G. Burnside (1 to r) (30-35-PLK-100-2) (MATS)

 <p>55-100</p>	<p>TEA-55-100</p>	<p>TEAPO/MOTH - February 20, 1955- Congressional Observers arriving at Indian Spring Air Force Base February 20, 1955 to observe second test of Spring 1955 Continental Test Series. Left to right: Rep. Clifford G. McIntire. Rep. Williams A. Dawson. Rep. Gardner R. Withrow, Rep. James M. Quigley Senator Russell Long (Louisiana) (30-35-PLK-100-1) (MATS)</p>
 <p>55-101</p>	<p>TEA-55-101</p>	<p>TEAPOT/MOTH - February 20, 1955- Congressional observers arriving at Indian Springs Air Force Base, February 20, 1955 to observe second test of Spring 1955 Continental Test Series: Representative Shepherd Crumpacker, Representative Ross E. Adair; Representative Don Hawyorth; Representative John E. Henderson; Representative John Valentine Bemer; Representative Thaddeus M. Machrowicz. (left to right) (30-35-PLK-100-3) (MATS)</p>
 <p>55-102</p>	<p>TEA-55-102</p>	<p>TEAPOT/MOTH - February 20, 1955- Congressional observers arriving at Indian Springs Air Force Base, February 20, 1955 to observe second test of Spring 1955 Continental Test Series: (left to right) Representative Shepherd Crumpacker, James E. Reeves, Test Manager, Col Hershel E. Parsons, Deputy for Military Operations. (30-35-PLK-100-4) (MATS)</p>




 <p>55-103</p>	<p>TEA-55-103</p>	<p>TEAPOT/MOTH - February 20, 1955- Congressional observers arriving to witness second test of Spring 1955 Continental Test Series, February 20, 1955: (left to right) Representative John Valentine Bemer, Representative John E. Hendershot, Representative Thaddeus M. Machrowicz, Representative Pat W. Jennings, Representative Frank M. Clark. (30-35-PLK-100-7) (MATS)</p>
 <p>55-104</p>	<p>TEA-55-104</p>	<p>TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-344-3) (MATS)</p>
 <p>55-105</p>	<p>TEA-55-105</p>	<p>TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-344-5) (MATS)</p>
	<p>TEA-55-106</p>	<p>TEAPOT - (30-35-PLK-344-4) (MATS)</p>




55-106		
 <p>55-107</p>	TEA-55-107	TEAPOT - Ralph Carlisle Smith, LASL 1955 Spring Continental Test Series. (Neg at ALOO)
 <p>55-108</p>	TEA-55-108	TEAPOT - February 16, 1955 - Oliver Placak, US Public Health Service. Photo taken February 16, 1955. (30-35-PLK-35-6)




 <p>55-109</p>	<p>TEA-55-109</p>	<p>TEAPOT - February 16, 1955 - Joe Sanders, Off-Safe. Photo taken February 16, 1955. (30-35-PLK-35-2) (MATS)</p>
 <p>55-110</p>	<p>TEA-55-110</p>	<p>TEAPOT - February 16, 1955 - Joe Sanders, Off-S Rad-Safe. Photo taken February 16, 1955. (30-35-PLK-35-5) (MATS)</p>
 <p>55-111</p>	<p>TEA-55-111</p>	<p>TEAPOT/WASP - February 15, 1955 - Test Organization officials and advisors are shown at the weather evaluation Tuesday evening (Feb. 15, 1955) which resulted in a second 24-hour postponement of the scheduled first test at Nevada Test Site. The forecast was for high winds, reaching 100 knots at higher altitudes, toward the southeast. The forecast fall-out pattern is shown on the map to which Major O. W. Stopinski, Air Weather Service, is pointing. The forecast fall-out would not have been hazardous but would have exceeded the new limits for</p>

		<p>permissible public exposure. At far right is Dr. Alv C. Graves, Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory, who the Test Manager's Scientific Advisor. Seated, left right, are Lt. Col Clifford A. Spoh, Air Weather Service; Dr. Thomas N. White, LASL; Dr. Lester Machta, U. S. Weather Bureau; Duane Sewell, University of California Radiation Laboratory, Livermore; Dr. John C. Bugher, Director, AEC division of Biology and Medicine; Dr. Everett F. C Sandia Laboratory; and Test Manager James R. Reeves, AEC Santa Fe Operations. Dr. Graves is Chairman of the Test Manager's Advisory Panel.</p>
 <p>55-112</p>	<p>TEA-55-112</p>	<p>TEAPOT - Seated on the couch from left to right a Col Hershell E. Parsons, Deputy for Military Operations; James E. Reeves, Test Manager and Rollin Shaw Chief, Visitor Bureau. (30-35-PLK-110) (MATS)</p>
 <p>55-113</p>	<p>TEA-55-113</p>	<p>TEAPOT - February 23, 1955 - Shown above are t three officials of the Joint AEC-DOD Test Organization holding primary responsibility for conduct of the Spring 1955 tests at Nevada Test Si Shown left to right: Dr. A. C. Graves, Scientific Advisor and Chairman of the Test Manager's Advisory Panel, who provides staff assistance on conduct of the test program; Mr. James E. Reeves, Test Manager, field manager for all participating agencies and is fully responsible for all operations within the test site; and Col. H. E. Parsons, Deputy for Military Operations, who provides staff assistance on all matters involving DOD participation.</p>



 <p>55-114</p>	<p>TEA-55-114</p>	<p>TEAPOT - February 23, 1955 - Shown above are three officers of the Joint Atomic Energy Commission-Department of Defense Test Organization holding primary responsibility for conduct of the present Spring 1955 series of nuclear tests at the Nevada Test Site. They are (L to R): Major James E. Reeves, Test Manager, who is the field agent for all participating agencies and is fully responsible for our operations within the Test Site; Col. H. E. Parsons, Deputy for Military Operations who provides staff assistance on all matters involving Department of Defense participation; and Dr. Alvin C. Graves, Scientific Advisor, and Chairman of the Test Manager's Advisory Panel, who provides staff assistance on scientific conduct of the test program.</p>
 <p>55-115</p>	<p>TEA-55-115</p>	<p>TEAPOT - March 7, 1955 - This photo of James E. Reeves was taken to go with an article featuring Major James E. Reeves, entitled "People of the Week" which appeared in U.S. News &amp; World Report Magazine.</p>
 <p>55-116</p>	<p>TEA-55-116</p>	<p>TEAPOT - March 7, 1955 - James E. Reeves, Test Manager at the Nevada Test Site during the current series of nuclear blasts, is shown at his desk in Car Mercury, administrative center for the operation.</p>

 <p>55-117</p>	<p>TEA-55-117</p>	<p>TEAPOT - March 7, 1955 - Seth R. Woodruff, Jr., Support Director, James E. Reeves, Test Manager, and Dr. Alvin C. Graves, Scientific Advisor for the nuclear tests at the Nevada Test Site of the AEC, as shown above, left to right, in one of the briefing rooms.</p>
 <p>55-118</p>	<p>TEA-55-118</p>	<p>TEAPOT - March 7, 1955 - James E. Reeves, left Test Manager at the Nevada Test Site, is shown talking over the outlook in one of the briefing room with Dr. Alvin C. Graves, Scientific Advisor.</p>
 <p>55-119</p>	<p>TEA-55-119</p>	<p>TEAPOT - March 18, 1955 - Camp Mercury, NV March 19, 1955 Checking the central radiological contamination area map after a recent atomic detonation at the Nevada Test Site are (right) Lt. C Tom D. Collision, U.S. Army, director of the Test Organization Radiological Safety Group, and his deputy, Maj. C. L. Weaver, U.S. Army. Plotted on the situation map are all contaminated areas in the firing sector, together with radiation level readings and suggested routes of approach to key experimental areas.</p>

 <p>55-120</p>	<p>TEA-55-120</p>	<p>TEAPOT - April 7, 1955 - Inspecting construction progress at Frenchman Flat at the Nevada Test Site are: (left to right) Dr. E. B. Doll, Stanford Research Institute, Palo Alto, CA, and Technical Director of the Military Effects program; Dr. Alvin C. Graves, Scientific Advisor to the Test Manager; and Colonel Hershell E. Parsons, Deputy Test Manager for Military Operations and Director of Weapons Effects Tests, Sandia Base, New Mexico. In the right background can be seen a portion of the man-made lake which will be used in one of the key military effects experiments associated with the presently scheduled test.</p>
 <p>55-121</p>	<p>TEA-55-121</p>	<p>TEAPOT - March 22, 1955 - Pictured in the photograph from left to right are: Dr. Alvin C. Graves, Scientific Advisor to the Test Manager; Colonel Hershell E. Parsons, USAF, Deputy Test Mgr. for Military Operations and Dr. E. B. Doll, Stanford Research Institute Technical Dir. Of Weapons Effects Tests in Operation Teapot.</p>
 <p>55-122</p>	<p>TEA-55-122</p>	<p>TEAPOT - April 7, 1955 - Shown framed in one of the specially designed devices erected in the Frenchman Flat area to collect dust samples during the 400 foot tower test are, left to right: Dr. Alvin C. Graves, Scientific Advisor to the Test Manager; Colonel Hershell E. Parsons, USAF, Deputy Test Manager for Military Operations, and Dr. E. B. Doll, Stanford Research Institute, Technical Director of Weapons Effects Tests in Operation Teapot.</p>



55-123

TEA-55-123

TEAPOT - A view of the Guard Gate No. 1 at the Nevada Test Site.



55-124

TEA-55-124

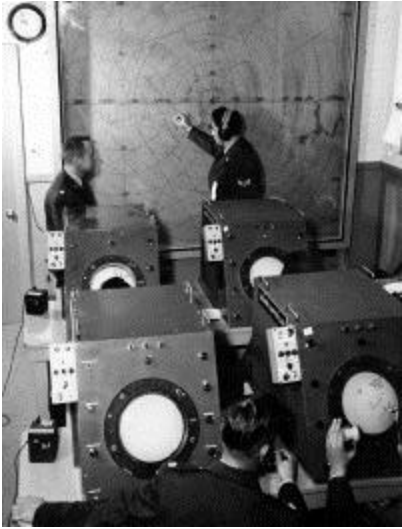
TEAPOT - The Federal Services Incorporated (FSI) guards check passes for all vehicles entering or exiting the Nevada Test Site.



55-125

TEA-55-125

TEAPOT - Guard Gate No. 1 at the Nevada Test Site where the protective guard checks all vehicles entering or leaving the Site.



55-126

TEA-55-126

TEAPOT - Radar Scope. (Neg at ALOO)



55-127

TEA-55-127

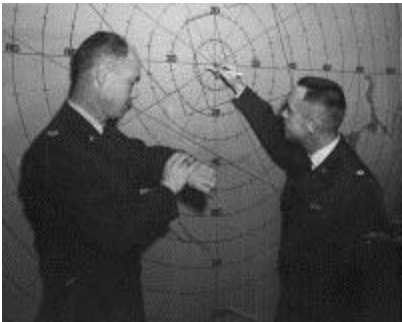
TEAPOT - March 18, 1955 - Capt. Mills, USAF  
operates radar scope.



55-128

TEA-55-128

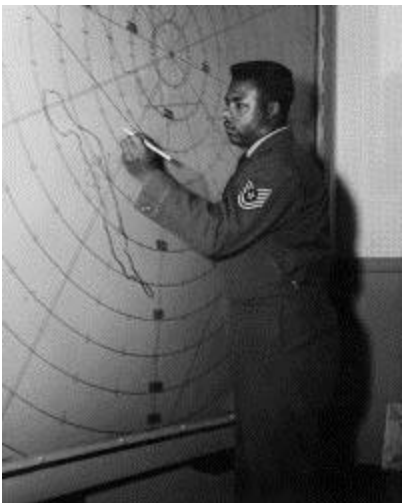
TEAPOT - Radar Scope. (Neg at ALOO)



55-129

TEA-55-129




TEAPOT - March 18, 1955 - Col. Fackler checks time as Maj. De Vries spots location of aircraft on plotting board. (Neg at ALOO)






55-130

TEA-55-130

TEAPOT - March 18, 1955 - Tech Sgt Richardson USAF, spotting locations of planes on plotting board. (Neg at ALOO)

 <p>55-131</p>	<p>TEA-55-131</p>	<p>TEAPOT - Radar Technician operates scope in the Air Control Center.</p>
 <p>55-132</p>	<p>TEA-55-132</p>	<p>TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - May 5, 1955 - Ground monitors starting survey of Ground Zero of May 5, 1955 Open Test - the APPLE-2 Event, Nevada Test Site. Left to Right: Francis X. Carney, FCDA, Battle Creek, MI; Dr. Thomas E. Gilmer, State of VA; Frederick Wilson, Assistant to the Technical Director, HASL, AEC; Roscoe H. Goeke, Radiological Defense, FCDA, Battle Creek, MI; James A. Aderegg, USPHS, Wash, D.C.; Robert L. Corsbie, Director, AEC.</p>
 <p>55-133</p>	<p>TEA-55-133</p>	<p>TEAPOT - Operation ARME group examining radiation measurements taken by airborne detector over Yucca Flat. Seated Left to Right: Lowell J. Smith, City of Portland, OR; Dr. Wm. J. McAnally, FCDA, Thomasville, GA; Milvin E. Cassidy, Technical Director, Operation ARME, AEC; Joseph Jacks, City of New York, NY; Dr. Conrad Ronneberg, State of Ohio; Frederick Wilson, HASL, AEC, New York, NY. Standing Left to Right: Aust Sparks, FCDA, Olney, MD; Williams H. Ray, USPHS, Cincinnati, OH; Francis X. Carney, FCDA, Battle Creek, MI; Duane C. Jensen, City of Provo, UT; James C. Fein, FCDA, New Center, MA; Dr.</p>

		John M. Heslep, State of CA.
 <p>55-134</p>	TEA-55-134	TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - May 5, 1955 - Operation ARME field team completing radiological ground survey of area 4700 feet from Ground Zero of Open Test fired May 5, 1955. Left to Right: Roscoe H. Goeke, Consultant, Radiological Defense, FCDA, Battle Creek, MI; R. L. Corsbie, Director, Operation ARME, AEC; James A. Anderegg, USPHS, Washington, DC; Frederick Wilson, HASL, AEC; Francis X. Carney, FCDA, Battle Creek, MI; Dr. Thomas E. Gilmer, State of VA. (Neg at ALOO)
 <p>55-135</p>	TEA-55-135	TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - May 5, 1955 - Field group near Ground Zero of Open Test, APPLE-2 Event, May 5, 1955, assisting the ground monitoring survey being conducted in the area. Left to Right: Roscoe H. Goeke, Consultant, Radiological Defense, FCDA, Battle Creek, MI; R. L. Corsbie, Director, AEC; Francis X. Carney, Battle Creek, MI.
 <p>55-136</p>	TEA-55-136	TEAPOT - Melvin E. Cassidy, Technical director, and R. L. Corsbie, Director, Operation ARME, examining the aerial survey data being telemetered from an aircraft to the central control room.





55-137

TEA-55-137

TEAPOT - March 18, 1955 - Mercury, NV. - Three members of the military radiological safety group which guards test personnel from radiation hazards receive their duty assignments from Lt. Williams Bogue, USAF of Spokane, WA, who uses a large map of the firing area for this purpose. Minutes after each detonation of the current test series, these men move over the terrain around ground zero to survey radiation areas, to establish access check points manned by monitors, & to set up signs indicating radiation exposure levels. From left to right, the radiological safe technicians are PFC James Taylor, Waterloo, IA; Pfc Antonio Sandoval, Brighton, CO; & Pvt. Richard Powell, Greenlee, VA. Lt. Bogue is from the Air Force's Air Material Command and the three Army men are from the 1st Radiological Safety Support Unit, Ft. McClelland, AL. This important program is directed by Lt. Col. Tom Collison, veteran Army radiological safety expert from Field Command, Armed Forces Special Weapons Project, Sandia Base, NM.



55-138

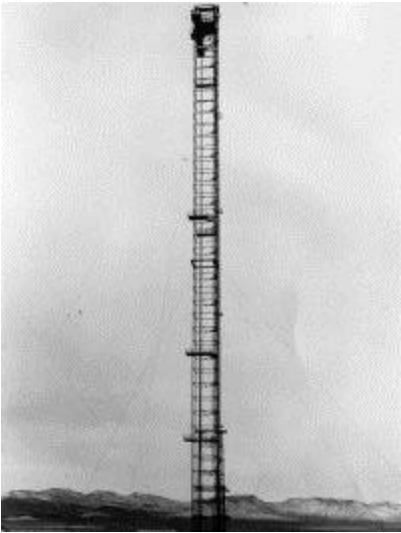

TEA-55-138





TEAPOT - March 18, 1955 - Shown here is a Radiological Safe technician ready to go to work.



TEA-55-139

TEAPOT - March 18, 1955 - Mercury, NV - March 19, 1955 - In their specially-designed protective clothing Private Roland Lancaster of Fairfield, IA, left & Corporal Charles Stout, Nashville, TN check their equipment & instructions with Lt. Tom Collison, US Army, center, chief of the on-site radiological safety group at the NTS, prior to moving.

55-139		into the detonation area after a recent atomic test. They are receiving their instructions near the decontamination building located at the Control Point at the Test Site. Private Lancaster & Corp. Stout are assigned to the 1st Radiological Safety Support Unit at Ft. McClelland, AL. Col. Collison radiological safety expert from Field Command, Armed Forces Special Weapons Project, Sandia Base, NM.
 <p>55-140</p>	TEA-55-140	TEAPOT - March 11, 1955 - One of the 500 foot towers being used this series at Nevada Test Site is shown. Four of this height will be used during the series in expectation that the increased height will result in less particulate matter being sucked up into the atomic cloud and in less fallout off-site. The cost of fabricating and erecting these towers is estimated at \$154,000. each.
 <p>55-141</p>	TEA-55-141	TEAPOT - March 11, 1955 - One of the 500 foot towers being used in the 1955 Continental Test Series.

 <p>55-142</p>	<p>TEA-55-142</p>	<p>TEAPOT - One of the test towers used to hold a device during the Spring 1955 Teapot Test Series.</p>
 <p>55-143</p>	<p>TEA-55-143</p>	<p>TEAPOT - March 22, 1955 - The remains of the tower that supported the device fired at Nevada Test Site March 22, 1955. Because residual radioactivity around the base of the tower prevented a close-up photograph, this picture was shot with a 25 inch lens.</p>
 <p>55-144</p>	<p>TEA-55-144</p>	<p>TEAPOT - March 15, 1955 - Above is a view of the 16 trailers in which women workers at Nevada Test Site are housed on an overflow basis. The trailers had 32 occupants on a recent day.</p>
 <p>55-145</p>	<p>TEA-55-145</p>	<p>TEAPOT - March 15, 1955 - Mrs. Marilyn White of Las Cruces, NM, employed by the Olympia Commissary Co., emerging from a trailer home she shares with two other women employees at Mercury, NV. Mrs. White's husband, S/Sgt R. E. White, works with the Air Weather Detachment of the USAF at Mercury. Other Trailers adjoining that occupied by Mrs. White show in the photo.</p>



55-146

TEA-55-146

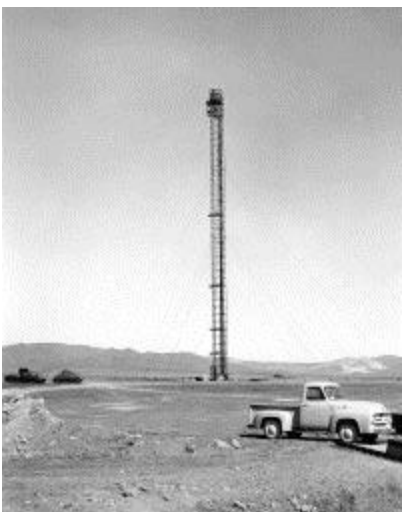
TEAPOT - Military personnel spot locations of aircraft of plotting board. (30-36-PLK-108-9) (MATS)



55-147

TEA-55-147

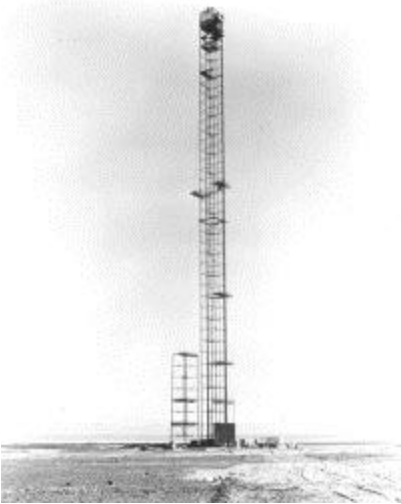

TEAPOT - Tech Sgt. Richardson, USAF, spotting locations of planes on plotting board. (30-35-PLK-108-6) (MATS)


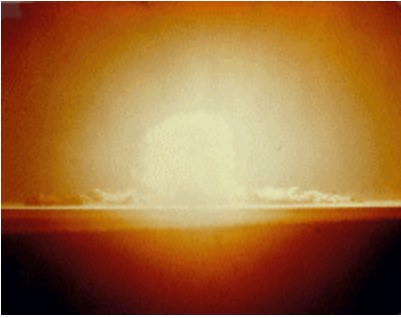




55-148




TEA-55-148

TEAPOT - One of the test towers used in the Spring 1955 Teapot Test Series.

<p>No File</p>	<p>NO PHOTOGRAPH</p> <p>TEA-55-149</p>	<p>TEAPOT</p>
 <p>55-150</p>	<p>TEA-55-150</p>	<p>TEAPOT - One of the test towers used in the Spring 1955 Teapot Test Series.</p>
<p>No File</p>	<p>NO PHOTOGRAPH</p> <p>TEA-55-151 through TEA-55-155</p>	<p>TEAPOT</p>
 <p>55-156</p>	<p>TEA-55-156</p>	<p>TEAPOT/TEST</p>

No File	NO PHOTOGRAPH  TEA-55-157 through TES-55-165	TEAPOT
 55-166	TEA-55-166	TEAPOT/TEST
No File	NO PHOTOGRAPH  TEA-55-167	TEAPOT
 55-168	TEA-55-168	TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - May 5, 1955 - APPLE-2 was 29-kiloton nuclear test conducted atop a tower at the Nevada Test Site on May 5, 1955.
No File	NO PHOTOGRAPH  TEA 55 169	TEAPOT

	through TEA-55-170	
 <p>55-171</p>	TEA-55-171	TEAPOT - Vern F. Denton, Chief of Operations Division, UCRL, Livermore, left. Duane C. Sewell Director of Scientific Operations, University of California, Radiation Laboratory Livermore Site, right.
 <p>55-172</p>	TEA-55-172	TEAPOT - Duane C. Sewell, Director of Scientific Operations, University of California Radiation Laboratory, Livermore Site. Member of the Test Manager's Advisory Panel.
 <p>55-173</p>	TEA-55-173	TEAPOT - March 10, 1955 - Walter D. Gibbins, right, of the University of California Radiation Laboratory at Livermore, CA., is shown receiving Certificate of Appreciation from Dr. William E. Otter of the Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory at Los Alamos, NM. Mr. Gibbins was given the award on behalf of service with distinction during the nuclear and thermonuclear weapons test in the Pacific in 1953-54.

 <p>55-174</p>	<p>TEA-55-174</p>	<p>TEAPOT - Vern F. Denton, Chief of Operations, UCRL Livermore. Technical Advisor to the Test Director.</p>
 <p>NF-4587</p>	<p>NF-4587</p>	<p>TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - May 5, 1955 - This "Survival Town" house, some 7,500 feet from a 29-kiloton nuclear detonation, remained essentially intact. Survival Town consisted of houses, office building fallout shelters, power systems, communications equipment, radio broadcasting station, and trailer homes. The town was built for a Civil Defense exercise and to test not previously subjected to a nuclear blast. The test, called APPLE-2, was fired May 5, 1955.</p>
 <p>XX-45</p>	<p>XX-45</p>	<p>TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - May 5, 1955 - The fireball of the APPLE-2 Event detonated on May 5, 1955.</p>







XX-68




XX-68




TEAPOT/MOTH - February 22, 1955 - The fireball of the MOTH Event detonated on February 22, 1955. (TEA-55-13)




## TEAPOT OPERATION MISCELLANEOUS

### PHOTOGRAPHS

FILE NAME	PHOTO NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
 TM-55-01	TEA-MISC-55-01	TEAPOT - Postponement of a detonation in the current series of nuclear tests at the Nevada Test Site gives additional time for maintenance technicians to recheck their aircraft to assure a perfect performance at shot time. Here a civilian instrument technician, Mr. H. H. McCall, from the Air Force Depot at Brookley Air Force Base, Alabama, tests the instruments in the cockpit of an F-84 jet sampler plane of the 4926th Test Squadron (Sampling). Rain, unusual for this desert test site, but brought by the poor weather which caused the postponement, can be seen spotting the plane's windshield.
 TM-55-02	TEA-MISC-55-02	TEAPOT - Two automatic pilot mechanics, A/2c Lonnie E. Wollitz, Jacksonville, Florida, and A/2c Leland F. Wygant, Sturgis, Michigan, both of the 4926th Test Squadron (Sampling), recheck one of the squadron's F-84 jet sampler aircraft. Airman Wollitz is preparing to remove the inspection plate covering electrical connections of the auto pilot system.

 <p>TM-55-03</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-03</p>	<p>TEAPOT - The crew chief of an F-84 sampler plane, A/1c Charles W. McWhorter of Mesquite, Texas, polishes the cockpit canopy of his F-84 so that the pilot will have a clear and undistorted view as he flies his important mission. This F-84 is used by the 4926th Test Squadron (Sampling) for collecting nuclear cloud samples. The 4926th, operating from Indian Springs Air Force Base during the tests, is a part of the Air Force Special Weapons Center, Kirtland Air Force Base, New Mexico.</p>
 <p>TM-55-04</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-04</p>	<p>TEAPOT - Three crew members don their parachutes before climbing aboard the B-36 intercontinental bomber of the 4925th Test Group (Atomic), Air Force Special Weapons Center, Kirtland AFB, NM, which dropped the first atomic device of Operation TEAPOT with pinpoint accuracy over Yucca Flat, a part of the Nevada Test Site. They are (l to r): S/Sgt. Paul J. Spella, Bellefonte, PA, gunner; M/Sgt. Merlin D. Martin, Brownsville, TX, crew chief and gunner; and Tsgt. C.O.P. Canada, Albuquerque, NM, gunner.</p>
 <p>TM-55-05</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-05</p>	<p>TEAPOT - These five men compose the only organization of its kind in the Air Force - the Filter Recovery Unit of the 4926th Test Squadron (Sampling). When one of the 4926th's F-84 sampler planes returns to Indian Springs Air Force Base after collecting air samples from the atomic cloud produced by the detonations of the current nuclear test series, these men remove the radioactive samples from the aircraft and package them for shipment to the Atomic Energy Commission laboratory which is scheduled to conduct the radiochemical analysis. Standing, left to right, are Major Raymond L. Clarke of Avoca, Minn. and Lt. Carl M. Robinson of Reno, Nev. Kneeling, left to right, A/2c Thomas O. Summers, Los Altos, Calif., A/2c Jack B. Spikes of New Orleans, La., and A/2c Robert L. Hagan, Milwaukee, Wis.</p>

 <p>TM-55-06</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-06</p>	<p>TEAPOT - A/2c Robert L. Hagan, Milwaukee, Wis., left, and A/2c Jack B. Spikes, New Orleans, LA, from the Filter Recovery Unit of the 4926th Test Squadron (Sampling) lift the lead container in which they have just placed an air sample collected by an F-84 sample plane from an atomic cloud. The long handled pole is used to reduce the amount of radiation to which the men will be exposed. The Filter Recovery Unit, the only organization of its kind in the Air Force, is responsible for removing the air samples from the plane and delivering them to courier planes for airlift to the proper AEC laboratory. The sampling squadron is based at Indian Springs AFB, NV, during the current atomic test series.</p>
 <p>TM-55-07</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-07</p>	<p>TEAPOT - BLAST TIME - Two members of U.S. Army Radiological Safety Team take cover during a recent atomic explosion. Following the blast, Second Lieutenant William Ambroner, Hammond, Indiana, a Private Robert Towry (right), Paradise, California, moved forward from their protective trench to check radiation. Only after teams such as these have determined an area to be safe are exercise troops permitted to move toward ground zero. All Radiological Safety Teams participating in Exercise Desert Rock VI at the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site come from the 50th Chemical Platoon, Fort Ord, California.</p>
 <p>TM-55-08</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-08</p>	<p>TEAPOT - DESERT ATOM CAMP - Here at Camp Desert Rock, Nevada, the Army's atomic maneuver installation, more than 2,300 soldiers are training in the desert near the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site. At times during the current series of atomic tests, the 100 semi-permanent buildings and more than 500 tents will be filled to their 6,000 capacity. A total of 5,000 soldiers will be indoctrinated to the effects of atomic warfare during Exercise Desert Rock VI.</p>

 <p>TM-55-09</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-09</p>	<p>TEAPOT - ATOMS AWAY - U.S. Army soldiers from Camp Desert Rock, NV, point to mushroom of first atomic device set off in 1955 series at the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site.</p>
 <p>TM-55-10</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-10</p>	<p>TEAPOT - 3-2-1--Zero! - This is how U.S. Army soldiers will huddle in their six-foot deep trenches at the moment of an atomic detonation. The troops rehearsed for their part in the Army's Exercise Desert Rock VI at the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site. Trenches are about 4,000 yards from Group Zero.</p>
 <p>TM-55-11</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-11</p>	<p>TEAPOT - INFANTRY MEETS THE ATOM - U.S. Army foot soldiers trek across the desert at the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site in preparation for an atomic burst they will witness from trenches approximately 4,000 yards away. They traveled by buses and trucks to Yucca Flat from Camp Desert Rock, the Army's atomic exercise installation.</p>



TM-55-12

TEA-MISC-  
55-12

TEAPOT - C-RATION TIME - Major General William F. Dean, Deputy Commanding General of the Sixth U.S. Army breaks open his combat rations during rehearsal of Exercise Desert Rock VI. The Army will have nearly 5,000 officers and men in blast area at several of the atomic shots to be fired this spring at the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site. Sharing rations with General Dean is Brigadier General Thomas L. Sherburne, Commanding General of Division Artillery, 8th Infantry Division, Fort Carson Colorado.



TM-55-13

TEA-MISC-  
55-13




TEAPOT - BEFORE THE TEST - An Army 120mm anti-aircraft gun stands exposed at the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site within 4,000 yards of Ground Zero of a scheduled atomic explosion. Troop inspecting the gun will crouch in trenches at H-hour, then move through the blast area to see the damage done by the burst.



TM-55-14

TEA-MISC-  
55-14

TEAPOT - TWO FEET BELOW - U.S. Army soldiers listen attentively as they are told to crouch with their heads at least two feet below ground surface at the moment of an atomic explosion. The troop trenches a about 4,000 yards from Ground Zero at the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site.

 <p>TM-55-15</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-15</p>	<p>TEAPOT - U.S. Army soldiers who are going to see an atomic blast at the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site look over an expendable self-propelled 155mm Howitzer that will stand exposed within 4,000 yards of the burst. The troops will crouch in trenches at H-hour, then move out to see the damage inflicted on the gun by the detonation.</p>
 <p>TM-55-16</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-16</p>	<p>TEAPOT - CHOW CALL AT YUCCA FLAT - U.S. Army troops take a break during rehearsal for their part in Exercise Desert Rock VI at the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site. They will see an atomic detonation from trenches about 4,000 yards away, then inspect damage done to exposed materiel. Passing through chow line is Brigadier General Thon L. Sherburne, Commanding General of Division Artillery, 8th Infantry Division, Fort Carson, Colorado.</p>
 <p>TM-55-17</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-17</p>	<p>TEAPOT - ANOTHER SLEEPLESS NIGHT - At a pre-dawn briefing at Indian Springs Air Force Base, Nevada, fighter pilots of the 4926th Test Squadron (Sampling), leave the briefing room after being notified of a last-minute postponement of the first shot in the current series of nuclear tests at the Nevada Test Site. Lt. Col. James A. Watkins, right, Commander of the 4926th, has just broken the news to his pilots. Each such postponement of a shot means hours of additional work for maintenance men and pilots. The 4926th, assigned the mission of penetrating the atomic cloud to gather radioactive air samples, is a part of the Air Force Special Weapons Center at Kirtland Air Force Base, New Mexico, the organization charged with the control of all air operations during continental tests.</p>



TM-55-18

TEA-MISC-  
55-18

TEAPOT - 11TH BOMB WING CREW PARTICIPATES IN TEAPOT OPERATION - CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS...The crew of Lt. Col. Fred D. McKinney, 98th Bomb Sq., 11th Bomb Wing, is scheduled to participate in Operation Teapot. Left to right, front row: Lt. Col. Fred D. McKinney, aircraft commander; Captain Joseph J. Tyler, 1st. Pilot; 1/Lt. Dan J. Leadley, co-pilot; Lt. Col. Louis J. Obus, Radio operator; Major Aubrey S. Perry, Navigator; 2nd. Lt. Richard A. McLaughlin, co-observer; 1/Lt. Andrew J. Stough, 1st. Engineer. Back row, left to right: T/Sgt. Samuel S. Perryman, second engineer; M/Sgt. Otto Stroud, 1st. Radio operator; M/Sgt. Paul M. Nelson, 2nd. Radio operator; M/Sgt. Leonard L. Carter, chief gunner; A/IC William Cates, gunner; and A/IC Lenni Plummer, gunner.



TM-55-19

TEA-MISC-  
55-19




Participating in Operation Teapot is Major Edward S. Stahl of Monticello, New York.




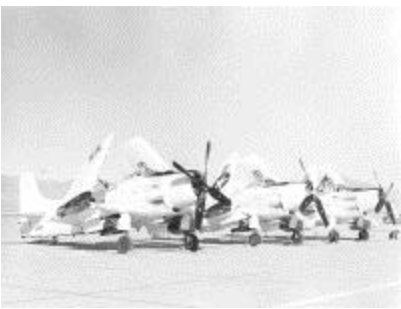
TEA-MISC-  
55-20

TEAPOT - CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS...1st. Lt. Andrew J. Stough, flight engineer on a B-36 of the 98th. Bomb Sq.; 11th. Bomb Wing, checks equipment prior to flying a practice mission in preparation for operation TEAPOT.



TM-55-20		
 <p data-bbox="370 827 503 856">TM-55-21</p>	TEA-MISC-55-21	<p>TEAPOT - CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS...Lt. Col. Fred D. Meinney, aircraft commander of a B-36 of the 98th Bomb Sq., 11th. Bomb Wing, prepares to fly a practice mission prior to participating in operation TEAPOT.</p>
 <p data-bbox="370 1440 503 1470">TM-55-22</p>	TEA-MISC-55-22	<p>TEAPOT - CARSWELL AFB, TEXAS...Major Aubrey S. Perry navigator on a B-36 of the 98th. Bomb Sq.; 11th. Bomb Wing, checks equipment prior to flying a practice mission in preparation for operation TEAPOT.</p>
	TEA-MISC-55-23	<p>TEAPOT - Crew members of the 3rd Squadron, 26th Strategic Reconnaissance Wing, who are participating in Operation Teapot. Left to right: Captain William E. Yingling, aircraft commander; 1/Lt. Herbert M. Paynter, pilot; Captain Joseph D. Brown, Observer.</p>

TM-55-23		
<div data-bbox="235 285 636 592" data-label="Image"> </div> <div data-bbox="370 630 505 663" data-label="Caption"> <p>TM-55-24</p> </div>	<div data-bbox="686 363 846 432" data-label="Caption"> <p>TEA-MISC-55-24</p> </div>	<div data-bbox="898 363 1580 1129" data-label="Text"> <p>TEAPOT - This is the crew of the B-36 intercontinental bomber which dropped today's atomic device with pinpoint accuracy over Yucca Flat. All are members of the 4925th Test Group (Atomic), Air Force Special Weapons Center, Kirtland Air Force Base, New Mexico, the organization charged with directing aerial participation in the continental and overseas tests. Left to right these ATOM BOMBERS are Lt. Col. Eugene W. Cox, St. Louis, Mo., aircraft commander; and (standing) Capt. Earl R. Follensbee, Colorado Springs Colo., special equipment operator; Capt. Paul Eichenberg, Zanesville, Ohio, bombardier; 1st Lt. Byrd D. Miller, Wichita Falls, TEX., engineer; 1st Lt. Dwight M. Odom, Fayette City, PA, engineer; S/Sgt. Norman O. Whitmer, Poplar Bluff, MO, radio operator (kneeling) Maj. Fain H. Pool, Lawton, OK, pilot; 1st Lt. Jackie L. Harvey, Pine Bluff, Ark., navigator; M/Sgt. Merlin D. Martin, Brownsville, TX, crew chief and gunner; T/Sgt. C.O.P. Canada, Albuquerque, N.M., gunner; and S/Sgt. Paul J. Spella, Bellefonte, PA, gunner.</p> </div>
<div data-bbox="235 1167 636 1684" data-label="Image"> </div> <div data-bbox="370 1722 505 1755" data-label="Caption"> <p>TM-55-25</p> </div>	<div data-bbox="686 1245 846 1314" data-label="Caption"> <p>TEA-MISC-55-25</p> </div>	<div data-bbox="898 1245 1580 1314" data-label="Text"> <p>TEAPOT - Participating in Operation Teapot is Capt. Leon V. Creed of Durham, North Carolina.</p> </div>

No photo	TEA-MISC-55-26	
 <p>TM-55-27</p>	TEA-MISC-55-27	<p>TEAPOT - H-HOUR MINUS ONE - U.S. Army soldiers rehearse moving into trenches in preparation for D-Day at the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site. They will be in six-foot deep trenches, approximately 4,000 yards from Ground Zero at the moment of detonation, then will walk through the blast area to see the damage inflicted on equipment that stood exposed.</p>
 <p>TM-55-28</p>	TEA-MISC-55-28	<p>TEAPOT - Three Navy Douglas Skyraider carrier attack bombers attached to the U.S. Naval Air Special Weapons Facility at Kirtland Air Force Base are shown squeezed into the parking ramp at Indian Springs Air Force Base. Most of the aircraft, Air Force and Navy, required to support the atomic tests now under way at the Nevada Test Site, are based at Indian Springs. The wing folding mechanism, used on Naval aircraft for carrier operations to reduce required parking space, is used to good advantage at this crowded base. CDR John E. Tefft, USN, is the officer in charge of the Naval Detachment at Indian Springs.</p>



TM-55-29

TEA-MISC-  
55-29

TEAPOT - DESERT ROCK H-HOUR - One of the pre-dawn atomic bursts set off at the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site while soldiers huddle in trenches up close in the forward area. Troops walk toward Ground Zero right after blast to look at damage to exposed vehicles and weapons in part of U.S. Army Exercise Desert Rock VI.



TM-55-30

TEA-MISC-  
55-30

TEAPOT/MET - SOLDIERS TURN BACKS ON ATOMIC BLAST - Camp Desert Rock soldiers at Frenchman Flat, Nevada, face away from an atomic detonation fired April 15, 1955. Immediately after this photo was taken by Sergeant Anthony Oulelette, the soldiers turned to view the spectacular mushroom cloud which soared thousands of feet into the air. Later, they went forward to examine effects of the blast on military equipment.



TM-55-31

TEA-MISC-  
55-31

TEAPOT/MET - ATOMIC BLAST, fired at Frenchman Flat April 15, is viewed by Camp Desert Rock soldiers from a position five and one-half miles from ground zero.



TM-55-32

TEA-MISC-  
55-32

TEAPOT - DESERT RUN - Soldiers participating in U.S. Army's Exercise Desert Rock VI in Nevada move out of trenches shortly after atomic blast and head toward Ground Zero. They looked at vehicles and weapons exposed to the burst in the forward area.



TM-55-33

TEA-MISC-  
55-33

TEAPOT - ATOM TRENCH COMMAND - Brigadi General Fred W. Sladen Jr., (second from right) with his Chief of Staff Col Ray Haynes (facing Camera) confers with his staff in command trench during U.S. Army Exercise Desert Rock VI in Nevada. Six hundred soldiers were in similar trenches in forward area at moment of atomic blast, then moved up to inspect damage done to equipment and weapons.



TM-55-34

TEA-MISC-  
55-34

TEAPOT - Lieutenant General Willard G. Wyman, Commanding General of the Sixth Army, arrives at the Army's atomic maneuver headquarters at Camp Desert Rock, Nevada, where he inspected soldiers learning the ways of atomic weapons.



TM-55-35

TEA-MISC-  
55-35




TEAPOT - A filter containing radioactive particles from an atomic cloud produced by one of the detonations of the current nuclear test series at the Nevada Test Site is placed in a lead container by A/2 Thomas O. Summers, Los Altos, Calif., a member of the Filter Recovery Unit of the 4926th Test Squadron (Sampling) at Indian Springs AFB, NV. Note the long handled pole used to reduce exposure to radiation. The Filter Recovery Unit is the only organization of its kind in the Air Force.



TM-55-36

TEA-MISC-  
55-36

TEAPOT - Official Indian Springs AFB, Nevada Photo

 <p>TM-55-37</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-37</p>	<p>TEAPOT - Returning to Indian Springs Air Force Base after gathering air samples from an atomic cloud, this F-84 sampler aircraft is guided into the decontamination area by its crew chief. The plane will be left in this segregated area until radioactivity has decreased to a non-hazardous level.</p>
 <p>TM-55-38</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-38</p>	<p>TEAPOT - A/2c Thomas O. Summers, Los Altos, Calif., removes a filter containing an atomic cloud sample from the wing tip of an F-84 sampler aircraft belonging to the 4926th Test Squadron (sampling). Airman Summers is a member of the squadron's five man Filter Recovery Section, the only organization of its kind in the Air Force. Note the long-handled pole used to reduce radiation exposure.</p>
 <p>TM-55-39</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-39</p>	<p>TEAPOT - The Boeing B-47 Stratojet, Strategic Air Command's primary medium bomber, is among the aircraft participating in the current nuclear test series at the Nevada Test Site. Powered by six turbojet engines, this swept wing bomber can fly higher and faster than any bomber in its class. Twenty-nine of these aircraft will be used on various Teapot shots. Most of them are reconnaissance types which are being employed on photographic missions.</p>



TM-55-40

TEA-MISC-  
55-40

TEAPOT - A Marine sentry stands by as members of the Third Marine Corps Provisional Atomic Exercise Brigade from Camp Pendleton, CA, unload at Indian Springs, NV. The Marines were flown in from the El Toro Marine Corps Air Station near Santa Ana, CA, in four engine Marine Corps transport planes. This will be the third time the Marines have taken part in atomic exercises at the Nevada test site.



TM-55-41

TEA-MISC-  
55-41

TEAPOT - Four engine Marine Corps transport plane unload Marines of the Third Marine Corps Provisional Atomic Exercise Brigade at Indian Springs. The Marines from the Third Brigade will take part in Operation Desert Rock VI, the third atomic exercise in which the Marines have participated.







TM-55-42

TEA-MISC-  
55-42

TEAPOT - CAMP DESERT ROCK, March 11, 1955 Marine mascot, Maggie, dubbed 'Sergeant Roentgen' (1 unit of radiation) for the current atomic exercises, arrives at Camp Desert Rock aboard a Marine Transport helicopter. Here Sgt. Roentgen (dog) reports to the Chief of Staff, Colonel Edward N. Rydalch, USMC (left), 2619 5/8 N. Main St., Los Angeles, Calif., and the Brigade Sergeant Major Edward B. Pendergast, (USMC (right), 6 Bay Street, Norwood, Mass. The handler (center) is Sergeant Richard J. Croker, 1816 Freeman Ave., Kansas City, Kans. The dog, Roentgen, had no comment upon arrival but as the SARGE gazed at the treeless desert, the dog indicated would have plenty to say in the very near future. The kindly but friendly English bulldog has been the



		mascot of the Marine Atomic Exercise Brigade since organization at Camp Pendleton.
 <p>TM-55-43</p>	TEA-MISC-55-43	TEAPOT - The brilliant light of Saturday's nuclear detonation at the Nevada Test Site silhouetted several of the F-84 sampler aircraft of the 4926th Test Squadron (Sampling) on the ramp of Indian Springs Air Force Base. A short time after the blast, these planes, working in pairs, and guided by Los Alamos Scientific Laboratory and Air Force Special Weapons Center scientist-controllers riding in a B-50 control plane, were flying through the atomic cloud collecting air sample for analysis by the Atomic Energy Commission scientists.
 <p>TM-55-44</p>	TEA-MISC-55-44	TEAPOT - Illuminated by floodlights, two T-33 jet planes of the Air Force Special Weapons Center awaited their pilots in the pre-dawn darkness on the Indian Springs Air Force Base ramp, minutes before the detonation of a test nuclear device Saturday. Carrying pilot and observer, these two planes were in the air over the test site before the blast, remaining near the atomic cloud until the sample-collecting F-84 jets began their mission. Information concerning the formation of the cloud, its growth and movement is relayed to the sampler pilots before their take-offs by the men in the planes.
 <p>TM-55-45</p>	TEA-MISC-55-45	<p>TEAPOT - CAMP DESERT ROCK, NV, March 16, 1955 - A 105-Millimeter howitzer, a veteran of several atom blasts, is still in action, but like an old fire horse turned out to pasture.</p> <p>The weapon is now fired at reveille and retreat at Camp Desert Rock, Nevada, where soldiers are stationed as participants in Exercise Desert Rock VI. The exercise is the Atomic operation in the current series of atomic</p>

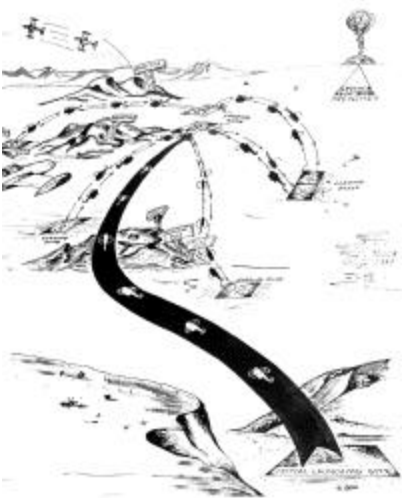
		<p>tests at the AEC's Nevada Test Site.</p> <p>The howitzer is one of many pieces of Army equipment which was placed in the atomic blast area during similar previous maneuvers. It had been knocked about repeatedly from exposure to the blasts as it was used to indoctrinate troops with the effects of nuclear detonations.</p> <p>Under the direction of Lt. Col. John H. Louraine, Camp Ordnance Officer, the field artillery piece was salvaged when the series began this year. After being cleaned and decontaminated it was placed in front of the camp headquarters to be fired at ceremonies.</p> <p>When it was fired for the first time after being put back into action, pulling the lanyard was Brigadier General F. W. Sladen, Jr., Deputy Director of Exercise Desert Rock VI and commanding general of the camp.</p>
 <p>TM-55-46</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-46</p>	<p>TEAPOT - CAMP DESERT ROCK, NV, March 17 - flight of Marine Corps Helicopters wings its way over the Nevada desert on a training flight prior to the Marine Corps' participation in the current atomic test on the Nevada Test site. 30 Marine Corps copters of this transport type will air-lift Marines from various assembly points immediately after the blast to launch tactical maneuver in the shadow of the atomic cloud.</p>



TM-55-47

TEA-MISC-  
55-47





TEAPOT - Silhouetted against the familiar mushroom of an atomic blast at the Nevada Test Site, these Marine machine gunners, members of the Marine Atomic Exercise Brigade are impressed by what they see but remain intent on the job of manning their weapon.







TM-55-48




TEA-MISC-  
55-48

TEAPOT - Minutes after an atomic explosion at the Nevada Test Site, Marines aboard assault helicopters swarmed from widely dispersed points upon the objective in a realistic maneuver to exploit the immediate effects of an atomic device against a hypothetical enemy. Although the actual atomic device is shown exploding in the upper right, it was theoretically air-dropped over the objective area so that hard-hitting Marine forces could move in immediately after the explosion. The helicopter shuttle service was accomplished in record time. The last troops picked up were those in loading zones 4 and 5 who had witnessed the explosion from the trenches, and proceeded to the pickup station immediately after the blast. As the deep penetration maneuver was being conducted, Marine jet fighter aircraft buzzed angrily overhead to provide close air-support.

 <p>TM-55-49</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-49</p>	<p>TEAPOT - The Marine heliteam leader (last man out copter) gives the thumbs-up to the pilot which signals that the last of the assault Marines has cleared the copter and the whirlybird can take off for another load of Marines. This scene was repeated numerous times the Nevada Test Site this week when 2000 Marines participated in an extensive atomic maneuver.</p>
 <p>TM-55-50</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-50</p>	<p>TEAPOT - Marines camp amidst the copters that carried them to their objective during extensive atomic maneuvers this week on the Nevada Test Site.</p>
 <p>TM-55-51</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-51</p>	<p>TEAPOT - Rad-safety Team, Marine private James F Giddens (left) and 1st Lt. Gerit L. Fenenga, check a reading on their scintillator, held by the lieutenant, a device used to measure radioactivity. The team got practical experience this week in an extensive two-day exercise held on the Nevada Test Site as 2000 Marine participated in a copter-borne atomic maneuver.</p>
 <p>TM-55-52</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-52</p>	<p>TEAPOT - Pictured above is the B-36 intercontinental bomber crew from the Air Force Special Weapons Center which delivered the high-explosive device over the Nevada Test Site today. The device was detonated against a background of intricate smoke trails and positioned just before burst time by six F-86 Sabrejet a B-47 Stratojet, and a B-36 bomber of the Air Force Special Weapons Center. A majority of the aircraft</p>




		<p>participating in the test were provided by AFSWC and other Centers of the Air Research and Development Command. Department of Defense scientific, as well as operational phases of the test, were planned and conducted by ARDC Centers under direction of the Armed Forces Special Weapons Project.</p> <p>From left to right, kneeling, Captain William L. Hickey, aircraft commander, Tacoma, Wash.; Captain Wayne L. Schroeder, pilot, Berwyn, Ill.; Major Daniel L. Schmucker, bombardier, Waynesville, N.C.; Lt. Ernest R. Heise, Jr., navigator-timer, Savannah, GA; Captain Bernard E. Harvey, first engineer, Clifton Forge, VA; and Captain Walter S. Todd, second engineer, Benton, Miss.; standing, left to right, Captain Steven L. Bartalsky, special equipment operator, Johnson City, NY; T/Sgt Richard N. Bingham, radar operator, Peoria, Ill.; S/Sgt Charles J. Werking, scanner, New Lisbon, Ind.; and M/Sgt DeForest Bronson, crew chief and scanner, Gazenovia, NY. The crew is wearing high altitude pressure suits, designed by the Air Force to protect fliers from low air pressure encountered at high altitudes.</p>
 <p>TM-55-53</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-53</p>	<p>TEAPOT - Pictured above is not an invader from Mars but Major James T. Corn, Albuquerque, New Mexico who today became the first pilot to fly the Air Force's new B-57 jet bomber through an atomic cloud over the Nevada Test Site. Corn is wearing the Air Force's new space suit designed to protect pilots from low pressure encountered at extremely high altitudes. Corn is operations officer of the highly specialized atomic cloud sampling squadron of the Air Force Special Weapons Center.</p>

 <p>TM-55-54</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-54</p>	<p>TEAPOT - The B-57B, a night intruder version of the British Canberra, is being used in the current continental nuclear test series. Although it has an atomic capability, the B-57B is being used primarily by personnel of AFSWC to collect atomic cloud samples. This aircraft is in the 600 miles-per-hour speed class and can fly higher than 45,000 feet.</p>
 <p>TM-55-55</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-55</p>	<p>TEAPOT - Concentrating on the controls of the huge B-36 bomber which dropped the high explosive device detonated over the Nevada Test Site this morning is aircraft commander Capt. William L. Hickey, Tacoma Wash. He is wearing the tight-fitting high altitude suit and helmet, designed by the Air Force to protect its fliers from the low air pressures encountered at high altitudes. Capt. Hickey and his crew are assigned to the 4925th Test Group (Atomic), a part of the Air Force Special Weapons Center, Kirtland Air Force Base, N.M.</p>
 <p>TM-55-56</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-56</p>	<p>TEAPOT - After a practice mission near ground zero for a forthcoming shot in the current series of tests at the Nevada Test Site, Lt. F. E. Evans of Ft. Worth, Texas, left, discusses the positioning techniques he rehearsed with Commander J. E. Tefft. Commander Tefft is the project officer for the small Navy organization from the Naval Air Special Weapons Facility, Kirtland Air Force Base, NM, which is operating specially-instrumented Douglas Skyraiders that fly data-collecting missions as close to ground zero as shot timing as safety will permit. The Skyraiders are based at Indian Springs Air Force Base, Nevada.</p>

 <p>TM-55-57</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-57</p>	<p>TEAPOT - This is a pilotless QF-80 jet fighter of the Air Proving Ground Command's 3205th Drone Group which will fly through an atomic blast during Operation Teapot at the Nevada Test Site. The drone, remotely flown to an orbit area by director aircraft will be guided through the blast by ground radars. Instrumentation pods slung under the wings, inboard of the fuel tanks, will record the atomic effect on the aircraft.</p>
 <p>TM-55-58</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-58</p>	<p>This is one of the QF-80 Air Force Jet Drones of the Air Proving Ground Command which were positioned near burst point to collect effects data in today's major military weapons effects test. The drone is shown being guided in for a landing by its ground controller.</p> <p>TEAPOT - Two of the drones were severely damaged by the blast and crashed in the desert as planned, parachuting the data they had collected to the ground for helicopter pickup.</p>
 <p>TM-55-59</p>	<p>TEA-MISC-55-59</p>	<p>TEAPOT/MET - ATOMIC CLOUD of April 15, 1952 detonation at Frenchman Flat is viewed from 15 miles away by four Camp Desert Rock soldiers who had to remain behind to man the camp while 150 of their buddies went forward into the Atomic Energy Commission's Nevada Test Site to watch the burst at close range.</p>

## OPERATION TEAPOT

### ARME PHOTO LOG

FILE NAME	PHOTO NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
 ARM-55-1	ARME-55-1	TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - Field crew monitoring Ground Zero area of May 5, 1955 Open Shot, APPLE-2 Event, at the Nevada Test Site.
 ARM-55-2	ARME-55-2	TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - Robert L. Corsbie, Director and Fred Wilson, Assistant to Technical Director, monitoring damaged tower member near Ground zero fired May 5, 1955 Open Shot.
 ARM-55-3	ARME-55-3	TEAPOT - Melvin E. Cassidy, Technical Director, Operation ARME, HASL, AEC, discussing the central control plot developed by aerial survey technique to State and Local radiological defense representatives at the Nevada Test Site.

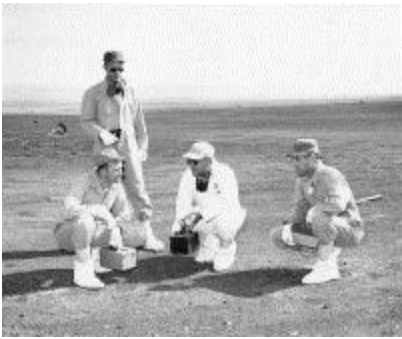




ARM-55-4

ARME-55-4

TEAPOT - Frederick Wilson, Assistant to the Technical Director and Melvin E. Cassidy, Technical Director, Operations ARME, developing an aerial survey plot at the central control.



ARM-55-5

ARME-55-5

TEAPOT/APPLE-2 - May 5, 1955 - Group discussing ground survey of area near ground zero of Open Shot, the APPLE-2 Event. Left to Right: Roscoe H. Goeke, Radiological Defense, FCDA, Battle Creek, Michigan; James A. Anderegg, USPHS, Washington, DC; Dr. Thomas E. Gilmer, State of Virginia; Francis X. Carney, FCDA, Battle Creek, Michigan.